

14. No goods shall be allowed to leave the warehouse until storage fee has been paid thereon under the following rules:—

(a) Goods shall be allowed to remain 24 hours free of charge counted from sunrise to sunrise.

(b) After that period single rates as in the following table shall be charged for seven days or portion thereof:—

Names of articles	Per day	
	Rs.	a. p.
1 Jaggery pendi each	0	0 1
2 Piece goods or gunny bags per bale or bundle	0	1 0
3 Betel leaves per pendi of 20,00 leaves, or portion	0	0 3
4 Oil and other tins or drums each	0	0 2
5 Bag, case or bundle each full of octroiable goods or portion	0	0 6
6 Other articles (irrespective of quantity)	0	0 6

(c) Double these rates shall be charged after seven days, provided that the President, may, in his discretion, allow a reduction in, or exemption from, such double rates.

(d) The date of admission and removal of goods shall reckon as one day and Sundays and closed holidays shall not be taken into account in reckoning the date from which fees under each class shall be payable. When delay is caused by the inability of the Officer in charge of the deposit room to examine and pass the goods, such delay shall not be reckoned.

15. The President may permit any wholesale dealer to occupy a room in the Bonded Warehouse for the storing of dutiable articles intended for sale to retail dealers in the Municipality and may make such rules regarding the occupation of such rooms as may from time to time be found necessary.

16. When goods stored by the wholesale dealer in the Bonded Warehouse under the above rule are issued on payment of duty, such allowance may be made on the original weight on account of reduction of weight owing to drriage or wastage as may from time to time be fixed by the President.

17. All perishable commodities remaining uncleared or unclaimed after 48 hours shall be sold by public auction to the highest bidder at the warehouse. All other goods remaining uncleared or unclaimed for a longer period than three months shall be sold in like manner, provided that, before selling such goods notice of that fact shall be posted for seven days at the Bonded Warehouse and at the Municipal Office and provided that goods shall be sold earlier when the storage fees are likely to exceed their value.

18. When any goods are sold under Rule 17 of the Octroi rules the sale proceeds shall be credited to the Municipal Funds, in payment, of duty and storage fees due in respect thereof, provided that if the amount realised by the sale exceeds the amount so due, the balance shall be kept in deposit for one year and any claims, for such balance received during that time shall be duly considered by the President. At the expiry of one year, or after all claims received during that period have been duly disposed off, the balance shall be credited to the Municipal Funds. No claims shall be admitted after the said period of one year, except by special permission of the Council.

19. The Municipal Council shall not be responsible for any damage that may be caused to goods deposited in the deposit room while such goods are being passed into or out of the deposit room or while they remain therein unless such damage is proved to have been caused by the wilful neglect of the deposit room keeper or other person argued with the safe custody of the goods.

20. Any person may, with the sanction of the President be permitted to use any place as of Bonded Warehouse on payment of the cost of such establishment and subject to such conditions, as may, in each case, be fixed by the President.

21. **Exemptions.**—In the following cases no octroi shall be levied.

(i) Goods belonging to the Government and covered by a certificate by the Head of the Department.

(ii) Articles brought into Town for private use in small quantities:—

(1) 6 (fresh) coconuts, (2) 6 (dry) coconuts, (3) 100 betel leaves, (4) 5 seers of jaggery, (5) 2½ seers ghee, (6) 2½ seers oil other than Kerosene oil, (7) 2½ seers sugar, (8) 15 seers tobacco and (9) 2 cloths.

22. A receipt in the prescribed form shall be given for payments made.

SCHEDULE I.

Sl. No.	Name of article	Amount at which or the rate at which classes liable	
		Rs.	a. p.
1	Cocconut fresh	0	2 0 Per hundred
2	Do dry	0	6 0 Per maund
3	Betel leaves	0	0 1 Per hundred
4	Sugar	0	4 0 Per maund
5	Tobacco raw	0	8 0 Do
6	Kerosene oil	0	2 0 Per tin of four gallons
7	Petrol	0	1 0 Per gallon
8	Piece goods including wollen	1	9 0 Per cent ad valorem
9	Arecaut	0	2 0 Per bag of 5 maunds
10	Cocconut, linseed, honge, castor, groundnut and vegetable oil including diesel oil and other mineral oils.	0	2 0 Per tin or part thereof
11	Cement	0	0 6 Per maund
12	Tiles (Mangalore or siminar pattern).	1	9 0 Per cent ad valorem
13	Iron and steel or articles made therefrom including machinery parts.	1	0 0 Do
14	Alloys in any shape or articles manufactured, out of metals, machinery or part thereof.	1	9 0 Do
15	Beedies	0	1 0 Per 1,000
16	Cigarettes	0	2 0 Do
17	Gunny bags (old or new)	0	0 1 Per bag
18	Hosiery and other textile fabrics	1	9 0 Per cent ad valorem
19	Coffee and tea	1	9 0 Do
20	Teak and honne in logs	0	1 3 Per C.ft.
21	Do sawn	0	1 6 Do
22	Black wood in logs	0	1 0 Do
23	Do sawn	0	1 3 Do
24	Other kinds of timber in logs	0	0 9 Do
25	Do sawn	0	1 3 Do
26	Wheat and wheat flour, Maids flour and wheat products.	0	2 0 Per bag of 196 lbs. or fraction thereof.
27	Cotton seeds	0	1 0 Per bag of 100 seers or fraction thereof.
28	Groundnuts and groundnut seeds	0	1 0 Do do
29	Jaggery	0	1 0 Per maund
30	Ghee	0	8 0 Do
31	Manufactured articles such as rain or water proof coats, holdalls, umbrellas, hats, rain caps, fur caps, gowns, overcoats and Mosquito curtains.	1	9 0 Per cent ad valorem
32	Asbestos sheets	1	9 0 Do
33	Matches	0	1 0 Per gross or portion thereof.
34	Soaps of all kinds including soap flakes, shaving sticks, shaving cream, Liquid soap and the like.	1	9 0 Per cent ad valorem

SCHEDULE No. II.

The Officer-in-charge of the Octroi Office, Town Municipality of..... Please receive the undermentioned goods and deposit them in the Koti.

Name of depositor	Description of articles deposited	No. of packages	Distinguishing marks, if any	Weight	Measurement	Quantity	Value	Remarks
				Mds.	Srs.	Cft.	C.lb.	

I do hereby certify that I have satisfied myself that the entries as made by me above are correct and that I am fully aware of the provisions of Rules Nos. 10 to 14, 16, 17 and 18 relating to the deposit.

Witness:—

Signature of Depositor

Signature.....

Address:—

Date.....

Date.....

SCHEDULE No. III.

i Office or Bonded Warehouse.....
Municipality Received for deposit the undermen-
goods from.....

[illegible]

Clerk.

Officer in-charge of Octroi
Office or Bonded/Warehouse.

b1

Notificatio dated 27th August 1956.

SCHEDULE VII.

(See Clause (b) of Section 62 of T.M.A. 1951).

A1. P.R. 174-54—55. Notice is hereby given to the inhabitants of the Municipality of Hosadurga that the Municipal Council desires to levy fees on Bus-stand defined by the following rules appended.

y inhabitant of the Municipality objecting to the
used fee may within one month from the date of this
e, send his objection, in writing, to the Municipal
cil.

H. N. SIDDAPPA,
President.

(a)

as framed by the Hosadurga Town Municipality under Section 46(1)(h) read with Section 61(h)(w) of the Mysore Town Municipalities Act, 1951, for Levy and Recovery of Stand Fees on Buses carrying at the Bus Stand established or maintained by Hosadurga Town Municipality.

A fee of Rs. 0—4—0 per bus per day shall be levied very bus arriving at the Bus stand established or obtained by the Municipal Council, as prescribed in Schedule I to the Act.

The fee shall be collected departmentally and the principal employee in charge of the Bus Stand shall give person paying the fee a proper receipt showing the amount received, date and hour of payment and the registration number and/or other identifying particulars of the vehicle.

The Municipal employee in charge of the Bus Stand shall be bound to maintain a proper account of the daily collections and of the traffic passing through the stand and it shall be produced for inspection whenever called for by the President, Vice-President or the Executive Officer.

4. No exemption from payment of fees shall be allowed in respect of any bus.

... shall be made

OFFICE OF THE ASSESSING OFFICER, TOWN
MUNICIPAL COUNCIL, Y. N. HOSKOTE,
PAVAGADA TALUK.

Notification dated 20th September 1956.

No. A. O-2.Hc. 96—56-57. Under Sections 70 and 71 (1) of the Town Municipalities Act, 1951, it is hereby notified for the information of the rate payers of Y. N. Hoskote Town Municipal Council, that the revision of assessment for the year 1957-58 and onwards on buildings and lands situated in the limits of the Town Municipality, Y. N. Hoskote, has been completed and the assessment list is kept for inspection in the Municipal Office, Y. N. Hoskote till the date of expiry i.e., 20th October 1956 up to which, the objections may be preferred on the proposed Assessment.

Every person, claiming to be either owner or accupier of property included in the assessment list or any agent or such person shall be at liberty to inspect the said list during the office hours on all working days and make extracts therefrom without charges.

Objections, if any, to the said assessment and dimensions or properties may be preferred in writing, stating the grounds on which the dispute is based, to the Assessing Officer, Town Municipality, Y. N. Hoskote either in person or through their authorized Agents on or before 20th October 1956, as required by sub-section (3) of Section (7) of the act referred to *supra*.

Objections received after the due date will not be considered.

Further, the objections so received by the undersigned within the stipulated time until be heard by the revising authority i.e., Municipal Council in accordance with the provisions of sub-section (4) (a) of the Section 71 of the Act on 27th October 1956 between 8-30 A.M. to 12-30 P.M., at the Municipal Office, Y. N. Hoskote.

N. SIDDALINGAPPA,
Assessing Officer.

1414

OFFICE OF THE ASSESSING OFFICER, TOWN
- MUNICIPAL COUNCIL, SAGAR.

Notification dated 14th September 1956.

It is hereby notified for the information of the Rate Payers of the Sagar Town, that the revision of assessment on buildings and vacant sites on the basis of annual letting value and on square area respectively, has been completed and the assessment list is kept available in the Municipal Office. Every person claiming to be either owner or occupier of property included in the list and any agent of such person shall have the liberty to inspect the proposed assessment list during the office hours on all working days and to make extracts therefrom without charge.

Objections, if any, to the proposed revision of assessment to be given effect from 1956-57 and onwards, may be preferred in writing to the Assessing Officer, Town Municipal Council, on or before 15th October 1956. Objections received after the due date will not be considered and they are liable to be rejected. The revision of assessment will be in force from the Official year 1956-57. The objections received by the Assessing Officer will be heard by the Revising Authority (Municipal Council) on 20th October 1956 at 9 A.M., and on subsequent day if necessary.

M. MUNIYAPPA,
Assessing Officer.

1393

OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT, TOWN
MUNICIPAL COUNCIL GUDIBANDA.

Notification dated 26th April 1956.

No. M. L. C. 33-56-57. It is hereby notified for the information of the public that the Town Municipal Council, Gudibanda have at the meeting held on 23rd day of March 1956, resolved that the following Model Bye-laws and Rules framed by Government from time to time may be adopted by this Municipality with necessary alterations applicable to this Municipality.

Any inhabitants of the Municipality or any other person objecting to the proposed Bye-laws and Rules may within one month from the date of publication of this notification in the official *Mysore Gazette* send his objection in writing to the Municipal Council stating reasons thereof. Objections received after the prescribed time will not be considered.

Rules for the levy of tax under Section 61 (b) (i) of the Act on vehicles and animals used for riding, burden, or drought and kept for use within a Town Municipality framed under Section 46 (1) (h) of the Mysore Town Municipalities Act, 1951 by the Town Municipal Council, Gudibanda.

1. A tax at the rate specified in the following schedule shall be payable by the owners in respect of vehicles and animals of the description mentioned in the said schedule which are used for riding, burden or drought and kept for use within the Gudibanda Municipality.

SCHEDULE.

Schedule III.—

	Rs.	a.	p.
Bicycle	3	0	0
Double Bullock carts.	3	0	0
Horse	2	0	0
Buffalo (ಬೆಂಗಳೆ)	1	0	0
Ass or Donkey	0	8	0

2. Exemptions.—In the following classes of vehicles, no tax shall be levied:—

(i) Vehicles belonging to His Highness the Rajpramukh and vehicles belonging to Government of Mysore and Government of India.

(ii) Vehicles used by Executive Officers of the Municipal Council.

(iii) Vehicles belonging to police men on duty.

3. Refund of tax.—Where the tax due in respect of any vehicle or animal has been paid for any half-year or year. The owner or the person in charge thereof shall be entitled to a refund of the sum paid—

(a) if he has owned or been in charge of the vehicles or animal for not more than 30 days in the half-year or year;

(b) if the vehicle has been under repairs or standing at a carriage makers or cycle-dealers during the whole of the half-year or year;

(c) if the animal certified by the President or any person authorised by him to have been unfit for use, has not been used during the whole period provided that due notice in writing shall have been given to the Municipality of the vehicle or animal having been unfit for use or having ceased to be used.

4. Method of calculating liability to tax.—When a person has owned or had charge of two or more vehicles or two or more animals of the same description each at different periods in one half-year or year he shall be deemed to have owned and had charge of one vehicle or animal only, as the case may be, for the aggregate number of days in the said two or more periods.

5. Vehicles or animals changing hands.—If a half-year's or a year's tax has been levied in respect of a vehicle or animal, no further tax for the same half-year or year shall be leviable in respect of the said vehicle or animal, if it changes hands during the currency of the said half-year or year.

Notification dated 26th April 1956.

No. M. L. C. 34—56-57. It is hereby notified for the information of the public that the town Municipal Council, Gudibanda have at their meeting held on 23rd day of March 1956, resolved that the following Model Bye-laws and rules framed by Government from time to time may be adopted by this Municipality with necessary alterations applicable to this Municipality.

Any inhabitants of the Municipality or any other persons objecting to the proposed Bye-laws and rules may within one month from the date of publication of this notification in the official *Mysore Gazette* send his objection in writing to the Municipal Council stating reasons thereof. Objections received after the prescribed time will not be considered.

In exercise of the powers conferred by Section 48 (1) (h) of the Mysore Town Municipalities Act, 1951 (Mysore Act XXII of 1951) and in conformity to the Government Notification No. L. 19846—Ml. 152-52-23, dated 14th February 1953, the Town Municipal Council, Gudibanda, is pleased to make the following Bye-laws, for regulating sanitation and conservancy in Gudibanda Town.

BYE-LAWS.

1. Every privy or latrine that is to be constructed in the Municipal limits should conform to the daily removal system only.

2. The owner or occupier shall construct a new privy if there is not one within a reasonable time fixed by the President.

3. The privies under pit system, if any, in the private premises, should be changed into the daily removal system within a reasonable time fixed by the President.

4. The opening of the privy should always be towards the conservancy lane and should be constructed according to the approved plan and after obtaining a license from the President or the officer authorised by him.

5. The opening of the privy should be capable of daily removal from outside through the conservancy lane and should be provided with good shutters or trap doors so as to close the opening completely.

6. All trap doors or shutters for the privies should be preferably made of iron plates not less than one-eighth of an inch in thickness, soaked in tar both sides. The shutters to be trap doors should be fixed so tight to the door frame that no flies or any other disease-carrying insects have an access.

7. The sides and floor of the chamber of the receptacle shall be constructed of hard smooth stones or brick works plastered with cement or other non-absorbent material and the floor shall be so sloped that any liquid discharged on it shall rapidly and easily flow to the outlet.

8. Every privy shall be provided with a movable receptacle to receive nightsoil.

9. Arrangements must be made for the separation of urine from faecal matter.

10. The owner or occupier of any land on which there is a privy must shut out such privy by sufficient roof and enclosure by non-combustible material or by wall from the view of person passing by or resident in the neighbourhood.

11. The floor inside the latrine must be made impervious by cement concrete and plastered with cement or by flooring with Cuddaph or burnt slabs, with neat cement pointing so that water and other watery substance may not accumulate inside.

12. Every privy should be so constructed that the bottom of the receptacle for nightsoil, urine or ablution water shall be at level at least two feet above the ground level.

13. Every person who shall construct a new privy shall construct the same in such a way that the nightsoil receptacle shall be at a distance of 10 feet from any public road or place of public resort, 20 feet away from any kitchen, 25 feet from any place used as human habitation, and 60 feet from any well, tank or stream, the water of which is for used for drinking purposes, provided that where the maintenance of any such distance is absolutely impossible, the President, may, if he thinks no injury to

vy, sanction the reduction of such distance down to that prescribed above.

4. A pucca drain, with cement concrete and plastered in cement with proper slope must be constructed and water of the privy should be left into the conservancy in through a drain.

5. Any person infringing these bye-laws is liable on conviction before a magistrate to a fine not exceeding 50.

Notification dated 26th April 1956.

No. 35—56-57. It is hereby notified for the information of the Public that the Town Municipal Council, Gudibanda, at their Meeting held on 23rd day of March 1956, resolved that the following Model Bye-laws and Rules framed by Government from time to time may be adopted by this Municipality with necessary alterations applicable to this Municipality.

Any inhabitant of the Municipality or any other persons objecting to the proposed bye-laws and rules, may, within one month from the date of publication of the notification in the official *Mysore Gazette* send his objection in writing to the Municipal Council stating reasons thereof. Objections received after the prescribed time will not be considered.

In exercise of the powers conferred by Section 46 (1) (h) of the Mysore Town Municipalities Act, 1951, (Mysore Act XXII of 1951) and in conformity to Government Notification No. L. 9729—Ml. 152-52-32, dated 14th February 1953, the Town Municipal Council, Gudibanda, resolved to make the following rules for the levy and recovery of the special sanitary cess on private latrines, houses or compounds.

RULES.

A special sanitary cess as per schedule noted below shall be paid by the owner or occupier of the house, where the latrine is arranged to be cleaned by the Municipal Council.

The special sanitary cess shall be payable in quarterly instalments to the Municipality.

The special sanitary cess will be entered against the rates of the owner whose duty it is to see that regular maintenance is made to the Municipality in time. The cess will be received from the occupiers also if they pay voluntarily, but the responsibility of the owner shall not cease, if the occupier fails to pay the special sanitary cess.

SCHEDULE.

Name of tax	Class or property liable	The rate at which the cess is liable
Special sanitary	On all latrines conserved by the Municipality except those constructed at the cost of the Municipal funds.	Two per cent on the rental value.

Notification dated 26th April 1956.

No. Ml.C. 36—56-57. It is hereby notified for the information of the public that the Town Municipal Council, Gudibanda, have at their meeting held on 23rd day of March 1956 resolved that the following Model Bye-laws and Rules framed by Government from time to time may be adopted by this Municipality with necessary alterations applicable to this Municipality.

Any inhabitant of the Municipality or any other person objecting to the proposed Bye-laws and Rules, may, within one month from the date of publication of the notification in the official *Mysore Gazette* send his objections in writing to the Municipal Council stating reasons thereof. Objections received after the prescribed time will not be considered.

Bye-laws framed by the Town Municipal Council, Gudibanda, under Section 46 (1) (b) of the Mysore Town Municipalities Act, 1951, fixing the functions of the President and the Establishment, as adopted by the Town

President.—In addition to powers that are or may be delegated to any Municipal Officer or staff, under the Act or these rules the President shall exercise the powers conferred on the Municipal Council by the following sections of the Mysore Town Municipalities Act, 1951, Sections 109, 123, 174 and 180:—

Sections.

Subject matter.

109 Buildings made of inflammable materials, grant of permission for the erection of roofs and external walls of buildings made of inflammable materials and power to require the removal of roofs and walls made of inflammable materials.

123 Taking action for the encroachment on the Municipal drains, etc.

174 Launching prosecutions for offending the provisions of the Act.

180 (1) Adoption of alternative procedure by suit in lieu of any process of recovery of Municipal funds allowed under the Act.

(2) The common seal of the Municipality shall be in the custody of the President and shall be affixed under his orders to all contracts and instruments of transfer of property executed on behalf of the Municipal Council in pursuance of a resolution passed at a general meeting.

(3) Whenever any sum has to be drawn from the Municipal fund deposited in the Government Treasury or with the Bank of Mysore, Ltd., such sum shall only be drawn by a cheque signed, by the President.

The Vice-President may, however, be empowered to sign cheques in payment of bills passed by the President.

(4) All correspondence on behalf of the Municipality shall be conducted by and in the name of the President.

(5) When the President under Section 24 of the Act deposes the supervision of a department of Municipal Administration to the Vice-President it shall be presumed, in the absence of written instructions to the contrary, that all powers and duties of the President in respect of that department are delegated to the Vice-President:—

Provided that nothing contained in this Rule shall be deemed to authorise the Vice-President:—

(a) to suspend the execution of any resolution passed by a Managing Committee;

(b) to revise any order passed by the Executive Officer;

(c) to anticipate the decision of any Managing Committee; and

(d) to exercise any powers beyond those specified in Section 26 of the Act.

Notification dated 26th April 1956.

No Ml. C. 37—56-57. It is hereby notified for the information of the public that the Town Municipal Council, Gudibanda, have at their meeting held on 23rd day of March 1956, resolved that the following Model Bye-laws and Rules framed by Government from time to time may be adopted by this Municipality with necessary alterations applicable to this Municipality.

Any inhabitant of the Municipality or any other person objecting to the proposed Bye-laws and Rules, may, within one month from the date of publication of the Notification in the official *Mysore Gazette*, send his objection in writing to the Municipal Council, stating reasons thereof. Objections received after the prescribed time will not be considered.

Bye-laws for regulating the use of Public Parks, Gardens and Open Spaces framed under Section 41 (1) (x) of the Mysore Town Municipalities Act, 1951, by the Town

**BYE-LAWS FOR REGULATING THE USE OF PUBLIC
PARKS, GARDENS AND OPEN SPACES.**

1. In these bye-laws, the words 'public parks, gardens and open spaces, shall mean such public parks, gardens and open spaces as are vested in or are under the control of the Municipal Council.

2. *Parks, Gardens or Open Spaces when to be kept open.*—Every public park, garden and open space shall remain open to the public between such hours as may be notified by the President on the Notice Board to be placed in some conspicuous part of the entrance to such park, garden or open space.

3. *Public Entertainment, Ceremony or Exhibition.*—No public entertainment, ceremony or exhibition shall be held in a public park, garden or open space, except after permission has been obtained from or given by the President in that behalf. Such park, garden or open space shall be kept open or closed for such period and upon such terms and conditions as may be considered expedient by the President and notified in the manner mentioned in Bye-law No. 2 or by notification in one or more local newspapers. This shall not apply to meetings that come under Bye-law No 4.

4. *Public meetings in parks etc.*—No public meetings shall be held in any public park or garden except in such portion thereof as is set apart by the Municipal Council for the purpose of such meetings, and in any public park or garden when any such portion is not set apart, no public meeting shall be held without the permission of the President.

5. *Entrance or Exit.*—No person shall enter or quit a public park, garden or open space except by one of the gates or other opening, if any, provided for the purpose.

6. *Prohibition against defacing or displacing Notice Boards*—No person shall deface or displace any board or tablet in a public park, garden or open space wherein any notice or bye-law of the Municipal Council is exhibited.

7. *Prohibition against bringing of animals.*—No person shall bring into a public park, garden or open space any animal whatsoever except dog in leash or suffer to remain therein any animal belonging to him or in his charge.

8. *Posting handbills.*—No person shall, except with the written permission of the President, post or affix any bill, placard or notice in any part of or upon any tree, in a public park, garden or open space nor shall any handbills be distributed in any public park, garden or open space, except with the permission of the President.

9. *Prohibition against removing or disturbing soil, etc.*—No person otherwise than in the discharge of his official duty as a servant of the Municipality, shall remove or disturb any soil, turf or flowerbed or pluck any flower or leaf in a public park, garden or open space.

10. *Damaging property or throwing rubbish.*—No person shall destroy, injure, deface, soil or defile any part of any wall, fence, barrier or railings in or enclosing any public park, garden or open space or any part of any seat, building, monument, work of art, ornament or decoration or any other structure or erection of any Municipal property in a public park, garden or open space.

11. *Throwing stones, etc.*—No person shall throw on, or discharge into a public park, garden or open space, stones or other missiles.

12. *Prohibiting the climbing of trees, walls, etc.*—No person shall climb any tree, wall, fence, barrier, railings or post in or enclosing a public park, garden or open space.

13. *Games.*—No game shall be played in a public park, garden or open space, except subject to such conditions, as may, from time to time, be prescribed by the President and notified on a notice board placed in some conspicuous part of the entrance of the public park, garden or open space.

14. *Drinking.*—No person shall drink within a public park, garden or open space any intoxicating liquor.

15. *Erections.*—Except with the written permission of the President, no person shall erect any post, rail, fence, pole, tent, booth, stand, building or other structure in a public park, garden or open space.

16. *Sale of articles.*—No person shall, except with the written permission of the President, sell or offer or expose for sale or left to hire or offer or expose for letting to hire any commodity or article in a public park, garden or open space.

17. *Drying or bleaching linen.*—No person shall spread or deposit any linen or other fabric in a public park, garden or open space for the purpose of drying or bleaching the same.

18. *Obstructing or disturbing servants on duty and others.*—No person shall wilfully obstruct, disturb, or interrupt any other person in the proper use or enjoyment of a public park, garden or open space or wilfully obstruct, disturb or interrupt any officer or servant of the Municipality or any person employed by the Municipality in the execution of his duty.

19. *Nuisance.*—No person shall commit nuisance in public park, garden or open space.

20. *Creating disturbance or causing annoyance to the public.*—No person shall create disturbance or cause annoyance to the public in a public park, garden or open space or use abusive, obscene or profane language.

21. *Prohibition of entry of person suffering from loathsome or infectious disease.*—No person who is suffering from any loathsome or infectious disease shall enter a public park, garden or open space.

22. *Prohibition of Grazing, etc., of animals in public parks.*—No person shall graze or feed any animals, or suffer any animal to be grazed on fed on any grass or tree in any public park, garden or open space.

23. *Prohibition of writing, etc., on trees.*—No person shall write, paint, cut or carve or affix anything on any tree in any public park, garden or open space.

24. *Prohibition of driving nails, etc., into trees.*—No person shall drive any nail or ring or any other similar article into any tree in any public park, garden or open space.

25. *Prohibition of tethering animals to trees, etc.*—No person shall tether any animal to any tree or fence or post in or pertaining to, any public park, garden or open space.

26. *Prohibition of bathing, etc., in tanks and ponds, etc.*—No person shall bathe or wash clothes in any tank, pond or ornamental water storage in any public park, or garden where a notice to that effect is put up by the Municipal Council.

27. *Penalty for breach of bye-laws.*—Whoever commits a breach of any of the above bye-laws shall, on conviction before a Magistrate, be punishable with a fine which may extend to rupees twenty-five.

Notification dated 26th April 1956.

No. M.C. 38-56-57. It is hereby notified for the information of the public that the Town Municipal Council have at their meeting held on 23rd day of March 1956 resolved that the following Model Bye-laws and Rules framed by Government from time to time may be adopted by this Municipality with necessary alterations applicable to this Municipality.

Any inhabitants of the Municipality or any other person objecting to the proposed Bye-laws and Rules, may, within one month from the date of publication of the notification in the official *Mysore Gazette* send his objection in writing to the Municipal Council stating Reasons thereof. Objections received after the prescribed time will not be considered.

Bye-laws for regulating the use of Public Bathing and Washing places in Gudibanda Town Municipality under Section 48 (1) (m) of the Town Municipalities Act, 1951.

1. No person of one sex shall bathe or wash in any bathing place or washing place belonging to and set apart by the Town Municipal Council for the use of persons of the other sex.

2. No person suffering from any contagious disease shall bathe or wash in any bathing place or washing place belonging to the Town Municipal Council.

3. No person shall bathe or wash either in the vicinity or outside or in any part of any bathing place or washing place other than in the places set apart for the purpose.

4. Any person who contravenes any of these bye-laws shall be punishable with fine which may extend to two rupees.

Notification dated 26th April 1956.

No. M.L.C. 39-56-57. It is hereby notified for the information of the public that the Town Municipal Council have at their meeting held on 23rd day of March 1956 resolved that the following Model Bye-laws and Rules framed by Government from time to time may be adopted by this Municipality with necessary alterations applicable to this Municipality.

Any inhabitant of the Municipality or any other person objecting to the proposed Bye-laws and Rules, may, within one month from the date of publication of the notification in the Official *Mysore Gazette* send his objection in writing to the Municipal Council stating reasons thereof. Objections received after the prescribed time will not be considered.

Rules framed by the Town Municipal Council, Gudibanda, under Section 61 (b) read with Section 62 of the Town Municipalities Act, 1951, for the levy and recovery of a rate on buildings and Lands (Rules framed on the basis of model rules made by Government in Notification No. L. 9392—Ml. 152-52-4, dated 17th September 1952.)

1. A rate on buildings and lands shall be levied in the Town Municipal Council, Gudibanda, for Municipal purposes.

The rate on the following basis shall be payable and on the dates indicated hereunder:—

Particulars	Rate	Date
(a) Lands not occupied by buildings and not appurtenant to any building or attached thereto for use therewith as a garden or for the pasturage of the animals kept for private use.	Eight annas for every one hundred square yards.	In advance in two half-yearly instalments in the months of April and October each year.
(b) Buildings or lands or both not following under (a)	6 per cent on the annual letting value.	Do

2. *How rates may be collected.*—The rates imposed by these rules shall be collected by the Municipality departmentally.

3. *Remissions.*—Subject to the sanction of Government remissions may be made to any extent by the Municipality on the recommendations of the Municipal Council, in cases in which the Municipal Council is satisfied that the recovery of the amount proposed for remission would entail undue hardship on a poor man.

4. *Claims for refund when not entertainable.*—No claim for refund of any sum paid to the Municipality on account of rates on buildings or lands shall be entertained, unless application therefor is made in writing within ninety days, after the expiry of the year to which the claim relates.

5. *Payment of refund when not to be made.*—No sum shall be refunded unless the person entitled to it applies for payment within three months of delivery to him of the notice of the refund having been duly authorised. In such notice the period within which the refund must be demanded shall be always stated.

6. *Order for payment of refund to be written on the bill form.*—Every order for payment of a refund shall be written on a bill in the form given in Schedule "A" and signed by the President.

7. *Entry in the assessment list on Sub-Division.*—Where any property is sub-divided on application being made to the Municipal Council intimating such sub-division the Municipal Council shall, unless they see any objection to the same cause each sub-division to be entered in the assessment list as if it was a separate property.

8. *How bills prepared and issued.*—All bills under section 92 (1) shall be prepared from the assessment list and from information obtained by process in accordance with bye-laws framed under section 48 (1) (i) and shall be issued under the signature of the President or other officer authorised by the President.

9. *Suspension of process for recovery when a vacancy received.*—When a notice of vacancy has been received under section 79, process for the recovery of the dues for the current year on instalment period may be suspended until final orders are passed on the notice.

10. *Owner should give notice of re-occupation.*—When an owner has given notice of vacancy, he shall also give notice in writing to the President within fifteen days of the date of subsequent re-occupation and failing to do so shall not be entitled to any refund if it be found that the premises have been re-occupied during the year or instalment period.

11. *Notice Fees.*—For every notice of demand under sub-section (3) of section 92 of the Act, Fee shall be levied at the following rates:—

If the demand is less than rupees 10	...
If the demand is less than rupees 20	...
If the demand is less than rupees 40	...
If the demand is less than rupees 60	...
If the demand is less than rupees 80	...
If the demand is less than rupees 100 and above.	...

12. *Warrant Fees.*—For every distraint made under sub-section (5) of section 93 of the Act fees shall be levied at the following rates:—

	Rs.
If the distrained amount is less than rupees 10	0
If the distrained amount is less than rupees 20	0
If the distrained amount is less than rupees 40	0
If the distrained amount is less than rupees 60	1
If the distrained amount is less than rupees 80	1
If the distrained amount is less than rupees 100	2
If the distrained amount is less than rupees 100 and above	3

13. *Maintenance.*—Rates as per accompanying schedule shall be charged for maintaining live-stock under section (5).

Sl. No.	Description of live-stock	Cost for the fodder for each head of live-stock or fraction thereof	Rs.
1	Elephant	...	3
2	Camel	...	1
3	Buffalo	...	0
4	Buffalo Calf	...	0
5	Bullock or cow	...	0
6	Heifer or Calf	...	0
7	Goat or Sheep	...	0
8	Kid	...	0
9	Horse	...	0
10	Fowl	...	0
11	Donkey (either younger or grown)	...	0
12	Pig	...	0
13	Birds of all kinds	...	0

Provided that no rate shall be charged where the owner of such live-stock pays the full amount of the dues and receives back such live-stock within a reasonable time from the time of their seizure.

14. The Revenue Inspector, the Bill Collector or other executive official of the Municipality is authorised to receive Municipal dues under these rules.

15. *Under section 46 (1) when Municipal dues are written off.*—Arrears of the tax may be written off as irrecoverable if, after it has been outstanding for a year in the case of a sum less than rupees 100, or for two years in other cases, the Municipal Council is satisfied that the processes for recovery have been pushed on with promptness and diligence and that the sums due have been recovered within any reasonable time or period.

Exemptions.—In the following cases no tax shall be levied.

- (a) Building set apart for the occupation of the Rajpramukh of Mysore.
- (b) Buildings belonging to Government and used for public purposes and not used or intended to be used for residential purposes or purposes of profit unless the Government consents to the levy of the tax.
- (c) Building or part of building exclusively used as a place of public worship or for charitable purpose.
- (d) Buildings which are the property of the Municipality.
- (e) Musafirkhana building belonging to the District Collector, Kolar.

SCHEDULE "A"

District.....	Refund Bill.....
Number of Payees	
Name of Payee	
Amount of refund	
Grounds of refund	
Date on which the amount claimed is credited in the Treasury Accounts.	Or
The head of accounts under which it is credited.	21
Remarks	301
Certified that the amounts have been credited in the accounts shown as above.	bal
Treasury Officer.	ne
	on
	ie

Notification dated 26th April 1956.

M.L.C. 40-56-57. It is hereby notified for the information of the public that the Town Municipal Council, Gudibanda, have at their meeting, held on the 23rd day of April 1956, resolved that the following Model Bye laws and Rules framed by Government from time to time may be adopted by this Municipality with necessary alterations applicable to this Municipality. Any inhabitant of the Municipality or any other person objecting to the proposed bye-laws and rules may within one month from the date of publication of this Notification in the Mysore Gazette send his objections in writing to the Municipal Council, stating reasons thereof. Objections received after the prescribed time will not be considered.

for the levy and recovery of toll under Section 61 b) of the Mysore Town Municipalities Act, 1951 on vehicles entering the limits of Gudibanda Town framed by the Town Municipal Council, Gudibanda.

Tolls at the rates mentioned in schedule shall be levied upon the vehicles specified therein entering the Municipality and shall be paid on demand.

The person in charge of the toll-gate shall give the person paying the toll a proper receipt showing the amount received, the date and hour of payment and the name or marks of identification of the vehicles.

Exemptions.—In following classes of vehicles no toll shall be levied.

- (a) Bicycles used by President, Vice-President, Executive Officer and other executive staff of the Municipality.
- (b) Government vehicles on duty.
- (c) Cycles used by Police, Electrical and Post Office Departments' Executive staff.

Toll shall be levied only once in respect of each vehicle passing through the toll-gates of the Municipality, each day counted from sun rise to sun rise irrespective of the number of times the vehicle enters the Municipality on different routes by which it enters.

The person in charge of the toll-gate shall be bound to maintain a proper account of the daily collection and of the traffic passing through the toll-gate and it must be open for inspection whenever called upon by the President, Vice-President or the Executive Officer of the Municipality.

6. Any person may before the expiry of the period mentioned in the permit apply in writing to the President for renewal of the permit.

7. Whenever a person who has compounded for a definite period desires to discontinue to run his vehicle within the period he may apply for the refund of the balance of money, if any, paid by him in advance and on reasonable cause being shown the President may refund the excess amount, if any, paid by him, provided that no refund shall be allowed for a sum less than one-third of the aggregate amount, due for the period for which the composition is effected. All applications for such refund shall be presented within fifteen days from the date of such discontinuance after the lapse of which any such claim shall not be considered under any circumstances whatsoever.

REFUNDS.

8. Any person from whom toll has been recovered unauthorisedly or in excess of the amounts prescribed in respect of any particular vehicle may apply in writing along with the receipt to the President of Municipality for the refund of the amount paid, within one month of the payment of such toll. Thereupon the President may have the claim investigated and disposed of.

GENERAL.

9. If the right of collection of toll has been formed out the composition fees collected by the President should be held at the credit of the contractor and adjusted towards his dues in the final instalment for the year.

SCHEDULE.

	Rs.	a.	p.
1 On every bus or lorry	0	8	0
2 On every cart or other vehicle drawn by bullocks, buffaloes, horses or mules if not laden.	0	4	0
3 On every cart or other vehicle drawn by bullocks, buffaloes, horses or mules if laden.	0	2	0
4 On every elephant, camel, etc.	0	4	0
5 On every other vehicle with springs including a tricycle or a bicycle.	0	2	0
5 On every ass	0	1	0
7 On every horse or bullock laden	0	2	0

Notification dated 26th April 1956.

No. M. L. C. 41-56-57.—It is hereby notified for the information of the public that the Town Municipal Council, Gudibanda have at their meeting held on 23rd day of March 1956 resolved that the following Model Bye-laws and Rules framed by Government from time to time may be adopted by this Municipality with necessary alterations applicable to this Municipality.

Any inhabitant of the Municipality or any other person objecting to the proposed Bye-laws and rules may within one month from the date of publication of the notification in the Mysore Gazette send his objections in writing to the Municipal Council stating reasons thereof. Objections received after the prescribed time will not be considered.

Bye-laws for the levy of toll on vehicles entering the limits of Gudibanda Town framed by the Town Municipal Council, Gudibanda.

BYE-LAWS REGARDING LEVY OF TOLLS.

1. The Municipal Council shall establish toll-gate for the purpose of collecting tolls on the several routes leading into the town and notify the location of such toll-gates.

2. The toll-gates shall be called the Gudibanda Town Municipal toll gates.

3. No vehicles liable to the payment of toll, shall enter into the Municipal limits except by one of the toll gates described hereunder—

ROUTES OR MARGAS.

1. Chikballapur-Gudibanda Road
2. Bagepalli-Gudibanda Road
3. Hampasandra-Gudibanda Road
4. Yelldu-Gudibanda Road
5. Gouribidanur-Gudibanda Road
6. Brahmahrahalli-Gudibanda Road
7. Holegudibanda-Gudibanda Road
8. Cholasettyhalli-Gudibanda Road

SUNKADA KATTES.

- (1) Eastern side gate pillar to the Gudibanda Town.
- (2) Western side gate pillar to the Gudibanda Town.
(The Anjaneyaswami Temple).

MUNICIPAL BOUNDARIES

East:—Byrasagara Tank tunnel Vaidyanatheswaraswamy Temple and 8th Mile stone.

West:—Edugarakkammana Temple and 10th Mile stone.

North:—Vatadavosahalli Tank tunnel at the Hampasandra Road and Bridge and Vabasandrada Anjaneyaswamy Temple.

South:—Bhyravesvarana Temple, Mantap of Ganiga Muniyappa and Halla of Halegudibanda and Gangammana Temple.

4. The Municipal Council shall have power to change, add to or combine the existing tollgate, if they consider that such a course is necessary for the proper collection of Tolls. Every such change, addition or combination shall be notified in the limits of the Municipality.

5. No toll shall be levied on through traffic. The time limit for through traffic from one end to other end of the town shall be one hour.

6. Every person or owner who is for the time being in possession or use of any vehicle shall be bound to stop at the first toll-gate of entry into the town limit through which he desires to pass.

7. Every such person or owner in possession for the time being of any vehicle shall be bound to give all necessary and true information for the ascertainment of levy and collection of toll, to the person in charge of such toll-gates.

8. If on such information the person in charge of the toll-gate considers, that the owner or user of any bus, etc., is liable to pay toll such owner or user shall pay such tolls or the prescribed rates. But if he considers that the owner or user is entitled to exemption, after looking into the pass or permit, if any, the person in charge of the toll shall permit him to proceed.

9. *Pendulies*.—Any person who violates or commits breach of the above bye-laws shall render himself liable before a Magistrate to a fine which may extend to rupees twenty.

Notification dated 26th April 1956.

No. Ml. C. 42—56-57. It is hereby notified for the information of the public that the Town Municipal Council, Gudibanda have at their meeting held on 23rd day of March 1956 resolved that the following Model Bye-laws and Rules framed by Government from time to time may be adopted by this Municipality with necessary alterations applicable to this Municipality.

Any inhabitants of the Municipality or any other persons objecting to the proposed Bye-laws and Rules may within one month from the date of publication of the notification in the official *Mysore Gazette* send his objection in writing to the Municipal Council stating reasons thereof. Objections received after the prescribed time will not be considered.

Bye-laws framed by the Town Municipal Council, Gudibanda Section 48 of the Town Municipalities

Act, 1951; for regulating the erection of buildings, constructions, etc., as per G.O. L, 10996—Ml. 156-52-20, dated 2nd February

Model bye-laws regulating the erection of buildings, construction, maintenance of privies, cess pools

1 *Notice to be given*.—The notice to be given Municipal Council under sub-section (1) of Section 48 shall be addressed to the President, Town Municipal Council, and shall be in the form annexed to these Bye-laws.

2. *Plans to be furnished*.—Such notice shall be accompanied by a site plan in duplicate of the structure which the structure is proposed to be built, drawn to a scale of not less than 20 feet to one inch showing—

(a) the position, nature and use of all buildings thereon, and of the proposed building appurtenant out buildings;

(b) the area to be occupied by the buildings on the land;

(c) the position of latrines or privies and proposed drainage;

(d) the names (if any) or description of roads, streets, bridges, culverts or buildings;

(e) the number of the plot and the name or number of the block and street or road in which the building is situated;

(f) where the building proposed to be erected is a road, the breadth of such road as measured between the outer edges of the drain, if any, and the line of buildings on both sides; and

(g) provided that in the case of buildings of Rs. 500 in value it shall be sufficient for the site plan to show to the satisfaction of the President without scale the size of the proposed building and its position on the land together with the position on the land with reference to adjacent building or lands.

3. The plan required to be produced under Section 48 of the Mysore Town Municipalities Act, 1951 shall be in duplicate and drawn to a scale of not less than 20 feet to one inch showing—

(a) the plan of the ground floor and of the upper floors, if any, with sections and elevations on the street or road;

(b) the levels of the foundations and lower floors with reference to the level at the centre of the adjacent roads or streets and level of the site;

(c) the depth and thickness of the foundations;

(d) the height and thickness of the plinth or walls and of the walls above the plinth;

(e) the thickness of the floor or floors and the dimensions and structure of the roof; and

(f) the position of the line or frontage of the proposed building with reference to the adjacent street or road which the building faces or to the side drain, with reference to the centre of the street or road.

Provided that in the case of buildings of Rs. 500 in value, it shall be sufficient to show to the satisfaction of the President, the position of the foundation and lowest floor are properly laid.

The license and the approved plan shall be made available on the spot for inspection by the authorities.

4. The plan of every building of more than Rs. 500 in value shall be accompanied by a specification of the nature and description of the materials to be used in the construction of the various parts thereof and the dimensions of all beams, bressumers, posts, columns.

5. *Prohibition of certain sites*.—No foundation for building intended for human occupation shall be constructed on a site which has been filled up with refuse or place for depositing excrementitious matters or carcasses of dead animals or other filthy or offensive matters until such matters shall have been properly removed to the satisfaction of the Municipal Council or shall have become innocuous.

6. *Location of the building.*—In no new building shall the foundation of the external wall along the street be located less than $1\frac{1}{2}$ feet from the edge of the street including the drain:

7. *Foundation of walls.*—The footings of the walls and the posts of the ground floor of the building proposed to be erected should rest on the solid ground or upon a sufficient thickness of concrete or upon some solid and sufficient substructures as a foundation:

Provided that where a solid rock is met with at or near the surface of the site of such buildings, that is within three feet of the level of the base of the wall the footings may be omitted if the surface of the rock be properly and sufficiently cleaned and stepped or jagged to receive the first course of masonry.

8. *Plinth.*—The height of the plinth shall in the case of buildings which are to be built nearer to a street be not less than $1\frac{1}{2}$ feet above the level of the street on which it abuts and in the case of buildings which are to be built farther to a street it shall not be below such height as may be fixed by the Municipal Council.

9. *Insertion of damp proof courses.*—In the case of buildings which in the opinion of Municipal Council are likely to be damp on account of the high level of the sub-soil water in the site, if the Municipal Council deems it necessary damp proof courses which shall consist of stone slabs laid in cement vitrified bricks or any other durable material impervious to moisture shall be laid between the foot of the walls of the ground floor and the top of basement which shall be above the level of the adjoining ground.

10. *Chimney.*—Every person erecting a chimney shall so construct it that upper outlet shall be at least 5 feet above the roof of the house.

11. *Height and area of the room.*—(a) The minimum height of every room intended to be inhabited in a building except a room in the roof thereof shall be not less than 8 feet from the floor to the ceiling.

(b) The room in the roof shall have an average height of 7 feet from the floor to the ceiling.

(c) The ground area of a dwelling room shall not be less than 64 sq. feet and no room shall be built which is less than 30 sq. feet in superficial area.

Explanation.—A partition wall not more than four feet high in a room shall not be considered to divide that room so as to make it into two rooms.

12. *Ventilation.*—Every such room shall be provided with ventilation by means of doors and windows, which open directly on to external air spaces not less than two and half feet in width and which have an aggregate area of openings not less than one-tenth of the superficial area of that side of the room, which faces an open space; provision shall be made for openings in this room so as to provide a current of air whenever desirable and an opening for foul air, shall always be kept near the top of the room.

13. *Height of the building.*—No person erecting a building which abuts on a street, shall so construct it that any point of it is at a height of greater than twice the width of the street immediately in front of it, including open spaces, if any: provided that nothing in this bye-law shall debar any person from reconstructing any building which had stood within two years on the same site, on the model of and with the same dimensions as the original building.

14. *Aerial projections.*—No person who constructs, alters or adds to a building within the meaning of Section 112 of the Mysore Town Municipalities Act, 1951, shall project aerially, beyond the limits of his site, any part of his buildings, temporary or permanent, so as to make it encroach upon or overhang any municipal road or lane, or the margin thereof or any other municipal land, except to the extent to which permission may expressly be granted by the municipal council.

15. All water spouts to drain roof or other water shall be led down to the ground touching the wall and shall not be so constructed as to discharge water to the inconvenience or annoyance of passer-by or to the damage of municipal property.

16. No shutters of stables or other building shall be so constructed as to project on municipal land when left open.

17. *Inspection.*—For the purpose of facilitating inspection, the following shall be the recognised stages in the construction of any building:—

- (i) digging for the foundation,
- (ii) filling in the foundation and raising the basement walls
- (iii) superstructure, and
- (iv) all subsequent work.

18. The Health Inspectors or the Executive Officer of the Municipality shall be competent to inspect buildings under construction at all reasonable hours during the day and where a license has been granted to satisfy themselves that the work under progress is in conformity with the terms of the license and not contrary to the bye-laws.

19. *Drainage to be provided in certain cases.*—In localities where facilities for drainage and daily conservancy have not been created on account of such localities not having been taken up for laying them out into house sites, no dwelling houses shall be constructed unless sufficient facilities for drainage and daily conservancy are provided by the owner of the land to the satisfaction of the Municipal Council.

20. *Area of the site built upon.*—As a rule on all sites measuring $100' \times 100'$ or more, no more than half the site shall be built upon. In other cases no more than two-thirds of the site shall be built upon. In the case of sites and houses abutting upon the roads hereunder specified the Municipal Council may, in its discretion, allow a larger extent than half or two-thirds to be built upon. Houses shall not ordinarily be built contiguous to each other, except when the width of the site is less than 40 feet, wherever practicable a minimum clear space as fixed by the Municipal Council shall be left between every two houses. The minimum in no case shall be less than five feet wide (to be specified by the Municipal Council concerned).

21. *Prohibition of mud walls.*—Within the town limits no wall of any building shall, except with the permission of the Municipal Council, be made of mud alone.

22. *Building plot to be levelled.*—The building plot of every building shall be levelled in such manner that rain water may be rapidly drain off into a water course or a Municipal drain.

GENERAL.

23. No building site shall be surrounded by a hedge of lantana, aloe, prickly pear or other objectionable plant, or by a fence of barbed iron wire.

24. No pits can be excavated in the sites allotted for building dwelling houses.

25. Every house shall have a decent frontage and no perishable or inflammable material shall be used for construction.

26. No person shall construct over a privy new or old any room or structure of any description, except another privy, or bath room.

27. If any person has any doubt or difficulty as to the true intent or meaning of any matter connected with these bye-laws, of the requirements thereof he may before giving notice in writing, of his intention to erect or re-erect any building, apply to the President, who shall upon receipt of such application, give the said person within a week of such information as in the circumstances may be necessary.

28. *Notice of completion of building.*—Every person who shall erect a building shall within one month after the completion of the erection of such building send or cause to be delivered or sent to the President at his office, notice in writing of the completion of the erection of such building.

29. *Special conditions to individual cases.*—Notwithstanding anything contained in these bye-laws it shall be within the discretion of the Municipal Council to attach special conditions to individual cases under Section 112 (2) provided that they are not inconsistent with the provisions of the Act.

30. Every place other than a water closet or bath room situated within any house, building or enclosure and habitually used for the purpose of nature or keeping

human excreta, shall be considered to be a privy or latrine within the meaning of this bye-law.

31. Every person who shall erect a new building as latrines, agra-harams and tenements, etc., shall in connection with such buildings construct such number of privies and in such manner as shall be prescribed in each case by the Municipal Council:

Provided the number of privies shall not, in any case be less than two, one for men and another for women.

32. A person who shall construct a new privy whether in connection with a building or not shall construct such privy upon such site or in such position and manner only as shall be approved by the Municipal Council.

33. The foot of every latrine shall be made of cement or of asphalt or of bastard asphalt and laid on a bed of concrete three inches thick, and shall be so sloped, drained and constructed as to carry away the fluid with facility into the latrine drain.

34. Every latrine shall be provided with a seat so made as to compel the excreta to fall entirely into a suitable pan or receptacle of sufficient capacity placed beneath it.

35. The walls and other masonry of the building shall be of stone in chunam mortar and plastered with cement or 1 inch in thickness from the floor level up to the height of two feet above the seat level.

36. Every latrine shall be provided with a separate entrance if required by the Municipal Council for the entry of scavengers for the purpose of conservancy.

37. Every latrine shall be provided with a "V" shaped connected drain sufficiently large, well laid, and water to prevent its contents from overflowing or stagnate soaking into the ground such drains shall terminate in an iron pipe so that the contents of the drain may fall directly into a receptacle or Municipal drain.

38. All such drains shall be so constructed as to discharge their contents in a proper manner—

(i) into a municipal drain approved by the Municipal Council;

(ii) into a movable receptacle or bucket kept in the cistern constructed at the extremity of the drain approved by the Municipal Council.

39. Every person who shall construct a cesspool in connection with privy, shall construct such cesspools in such a manner, and in such a position as to admit of contents of such cesspool being removed therefrom and from the premises to which such cesspool may belong without being carried through any dwelling house or public building or any building in which any person may be or may intend to be employed in any manufacture, trade or business.

40. Every person who shall construct a cesspool, shall construct the same upon such site or in such manner and with such materials only as shall be approved by the Municipal Council.

41. He shall construct such cesspool in such a manner that it shall have a capacity of not less than ten cubic feet, and in any case when there are more than three seats in the privy, in such a manner that it shall have a capacity of not less than three cubic feet for every seat in such privy.

42. Whoever contravenes any of the provisions of Bye-laws Nos. 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 28, and 30, to 41 shall be punishable with fine which may extend to fifty rupees.

FORM

(Vide Bye-law No. 1)

To

The President,
Town Municipal Council,

Sir,

I..... hereby give you notice that I intend to erect on vacant site No..... in block of..... Division or (to re-erect / add to the existing building bearing Municipal door number..... in block..... of..... Division).

2. I enclose the following records:—

(i) A copy of title deed.

(ii) A site plan No..... (not smaller than 20 feet to one inch, giving the following particulars):

(a) The position, nature and use of all existing buildings thereon and of the proposed building and all appurtenant out buildings.

(b) The position of latrines or privies, and the proposed method of drainage.

(c) The names (if any) or description of the adjacent roads, streets, bridges, culverts or buildings.

(d) The number of the lot and the name or number of the block and street or road in which the land is situated; and

(e) Where the buildings proposed to be erected obstruct a road the breadth of such road as measured between the outer edges of the drain, if any, and the line of buildings on both sides.

3. Detailed plan Nos..... (not smaller than eight feet to one inch) showing:—

(a) Plans of ground floor.

(b) Plans of first floor and succeeding floor, if any.

(c) One cross section at least, and

(d) Front elevation.

4. I append the following informations:—

	Rs.	a.	p.
1 The annual Municipal Tax ...	Ft.		
2 Total area of the site ...	S.ft	...	
3 Total area of the existing and proposed building.	"	...	
4 Total maximum height of the building above the centre of road or street abutting the proposed building.	Ft.	...	
5 Width of such street or road at the extreme ends of the building.	"	...	
6 Level of the site at its lowest ft. above the road level/below the road level abutting it.	"	..	
7 Nature of foundation made up soil/natural soil.	"	...	
8 Height of basement or plinth above road or street level.	"	...	
9 Material to be used in foundation and walls.	"	...	
10 Material to be used for frame and covering the roof.	"	...	
11 Height of invert of drain of latrine above the Municipal drain if it abuts.	"	...	
12 Height of invert of drain or bath room above the Municipal drain if it abuts.	"	...	
13 Height of invert or kitchen drain above the Municipal drain if it abuts.	"	...	
14 If cesspool..... height of the walls closing it above the level of the nearest Municipal drain.	"	...	

(Sd).....
Dated

No. M.L.C. 43—56-57. It is hereby notified for the information of the public that the Town Municipal Council, Gudibanda, have at their meeting held on 23rd day of March 1956 resolved that the following Model Bye-laws and Rules framed by Government from time to time may be adopted by this Municipality with necessary alterations applicable to this Municipality.

Any inhabitants of the Municipality or any other person objecting to the proposed bye-laws and rules may within one month from the date of publication of the Notification in the Official *Mysore Gazette* send his objections in writing to the Municipal Council, stating reasons thereof. Objections received after the prescribed time will not be considered.

Rules for the levy and recovery of general sanitary cess under Section 46 (1) (h) of the Town Municipalities Act, 1951, by the Town Municipal Council, Gudibanda.

Rules.

1 A general sanitary cess at a rate of four per centum on the rental value shall be levied on mohatarfa demand (Assessment on buildings and lands) in this Municipality.

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2 The tax will be collected in advance in two half-yearly instalments in the months of April and October of each year in the same manner and by the same agency as is entrusted with the collections of taxes on buildings and lands, within Gudibanda Town Municipality.

3 A receipt shall be given for the tax paid and no refund of the tax so paid shall be made under any circumstances, unless it is shown as a double payment for the same period.

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Notification dated 26th April 1956.

No. MI. C. 44-56-57. It is hereby notified for the information of the public that the Town Municipal Council, Gudibanda have at their meeting held on 23rd day of March 1956, resolved that the following Model Bye-laws and Rules framed by Government from time to time may be adopted by this Municipality with necessary alterations applicable to this Municipality.

Any inhabitants of the Municipality or any other person objecting to the proposed Bye-laws and Rules may within one month from the date of publication of the notification in the official *Mysore Gazette* send his objections in writing to the Municipal Council stating reasons thereof. Objections received after the prescribed time will not be considered.

Rules framed by the Gudibanda Town Municipal Council for the levy and recovery of lighting tax under Section (46) (1) (h) of Mysore Town Municipalities Act, 1951, framed in accordance with the Government Notification No. L. 14232-MI. 153-52-16, dated 24th September 1952.

Rules.

1. A lighting tax at a rate of Re. 0-5-4 per rupee per year shall be levied on mohatarfa demand (Assessment on buildings and lands) in this Municipality.

2. The tax will be collected in advance in two half-yearly instalments in the months of April and October of each year, in the same manner and by the same agency as is entrusted with the collections of taxes on buildings and lands within Gudibanda Town Municipality.

3. A receipt shall be given for the tax paid and no refund of the tax so paid shall be made under any circumstances, unless it is shown as a double payment for the same period.

Notification dated 26th April 1956.

No. MI. C. 45-56-57. It is hereby notified for the information of the public that the Town Municipal Council, Gudibanda have at their meeting held on 23rd day of March 1956, resolved that the following model Bye-laws and Rules framed by Government from time to time may be adopted by this Municipality with necessary alterations applicable to this Municipality.

Any inhabitants of the Municipality or any other person objecting to the proposed Bye-laws and Rules may within one month from the date of publication of the notification in the official *Mysore Gazette* send his objection in writing to the Municipal Council stating reasons thereof. Objections received after the prescribed time will not be considered.

Rules for the levy and recovery of water rate or water rates under Section 46 (1) (h) of the Town Municipalities Act, 1951, by the Town Municipal Council, Gudibanda.

1. A water rate at a rate of six percentum on the rental value shall be levied on mohatarfa demand (Assessments on buildings and lands) in this Municipality.

2. The tax will be collected in advance in two half-yearly instalments, in the months of April and October of each year, in the same manner and by the same agency, as is entrusted with the collection of taxes on buildings and lands within Gudibanda Town Municipality.

3. A receipt shall be given for the tax paid and no refund of the tax so paid shall be made, under any circumstances, unless it is shown as a double payment, for the same period.

Notification dated 26th April 1956.

No. MI. C. 46-56-57. It is hereby notified for the information of the public that the Town Municipal Council, Gudibanda have at their meeting held on 23rd day of March 1956, resolved that the following Model Bye-laws and Rules framed by Government from time to time may be adopted by this Municipality with necessary alterations applicable to this Municipality.

Any inhabitants of the Municipality or any other person objecting to the proposed Bye-laws and Rules may within one month from the date of publication of the notification in the official *Mysore Gazette*, send his objection in writing to the Municipal Council stating reasons thereof. Objections received after the prescribed time will not be considered.

Rules framed by the Gudibanda Town Municipality, for the levy and recovery of a tax on dogs kept within the limits of Gudibanda Town Municipality, in exercise of the powers conferred by Section 46 (1) (i) of the Mysore Town Municipalities Act, 1951 (Mysore Act XXII of 1951) under Section 61 (b) (vi) of the said Act.

Notification No.—L. 8011 MI. 159-54-2, Bangalore, dated 1st October 1954

1. An annual tax at the rate of Re. 1-0-0 shall be levied on every dog and the said tax shall be payable by every owner or person in-charge of the dog.

2. The tax shall be payable for every official year in advance and shall be collected in the same manner and by the same agency as is entrusted with the collection of taxes on buildings and lands within the Municipal area.

3. A receipt shall be given for the tax paid, and no refund of the tax so paid shall be made unless it is shown that a double payment of tax has been made.

Notification dated 26th April 1956.

No. MI. C. 47-56-57. It is hereby notified for the information of the public that the Town Municipal Council, Gudibanda have at their meeting held on 23rd day of March 1956, resolved that the following Model Bye-laws and Rules framed by Government from time to time may be adopted by this Municipality with necessary alterations applicable to this Municipality.

Any inhabitants of the Municipality or any other person objecting to the proposed Bye-laws and Rules may within one month from the date of publication of the notification in the official *Mysore Gazette*, send his objection in writing to the Municipal Council stating reasons thereof. Objections received after the prescribed time will not be considered.

Rules for the levy of fees on bus stands framed by the Gudibanda Town Municipality in exercise of the powers conferred by Section 46 (i) (h) of the Mysore Town Municipalities Act, 1951.

Notification No. L. 769-MI. 94-52-96, dated Bangalore, 9-12th April 1952.

Rules for the levy and recovery of stand fees under Section 61 (v) of the Act, on buses arriving at the Bus stand.

1. A fee of annas four per bus per day shall be levied on every bus arriving at the bus stand, Gudibanda established or maintained by the Municipal Council, Gudibanda as prescribed in Schedule 1 to the Act.

2. The fee shall be collected departmentally and the Municipal employee in charge of the bus stand, Gudibanda shall give the person paying the fee a proper receipt showing the amount received, date and hour of payment and the Registration No. and one or other identifying particulars of the vehicle.

3. The Municipal employee in charge of the bus stand, Gudibanda shall be bound to maintain a proper account of the daily collections and of the traffic passing through the stand and it shall be produced for inspection whenever called for by the President, Gudibanda, Vice-President or the Executive Officer.

4. No exemption from payment of fees shall be allowed in respect of any bus.

5. No refund of the stand fee recovered shall be made under any circumstances.

Notification dated 26th April 1956

7. It shall be incumbent on the owner or occupant of any premises which has a private connection and

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premises, and which are not Gudibanda Town Municipal property, so as to effectually prevent the underground drainage system being in any way affected.

8. No repair shall be executed except by a plumber licensed under clause 3 of these bye-laws.

9. The President, Town Municipal Council, Gudibanda or any person authorised by him in that behalf may at any time, between sunrise and sunset enter into or upon any premises to which a private connection is furnished in order—

(a) to test the working of the system ;

(b) to examine the communication pipes and the fittings connected therewith;

(c) to see if everything connected with the system is kept in proper repairs :

Provided that no dwelling house shall be entered under this rule until six hours notice has been given to the occupier.

10. If any defect likely to interfere within the underground drainage system is found to exist in house connection pipes and the fittings connected therewith, which are not the property of the Gudibanda Town Municipal Council, the President, Town Municipal Council, Gudibanda may execute any work necessary to remedy such defect and may recover the cost of such work from the owner or occupier of the premises in the manner prescribed for the recovery of taxes :

Provided that if any plumber has been licensed in this behalf, the owner or occupier of the premises may be permitted to have such work executed by such plumber within such period as may be fixed by the President, Town Municipal Council, Gudibanda.

11. Breach of any of these bye-laws shall render the offender liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding Rs. 50.

To

The President,
Town Municipal Council,
Gudibanda.

APPLICATION FOR A PRIVATE CONNECTION WITH THE MUNICIPAL UNDERGROUND SEWAGE SYSTEM

(1) Name of applicant and address with door No. and Street.

(2) Door No. and Street at which connection is required.

(3) Name and address of the owner of the premises if he is not the applicant.

(4) Nature of connection required.

(5) Name and address of the licensed plumber to whom the work is to be entrusted.

2. The person referred to in column 3 above consents to the connection to be made in token thereof he has countersigned the application.

3. Estimate of licensed plumber in duplicate with a sketch showing the Municipal drain and the proposed work, is attached to this application.

Place..... signature of the applicant.

Date..... Signature of the owner of the premises.

II. Latrines, Privies, Drains and Dust Bins.

1. All the provisions of this Bye-law shall apply to latrines or privies and drains belonging to or maintained for the use of any house, building or enclosure which is assessed in the Municipal books at an annual valuation at Rs. 120 or more.

2. Every place other than a water closet or bath room situated within any house, building or enclosure and habitually used for the purpose of answering calls of nature or for keeping human excreta shall be considered to be a latrine within the meaning of this bye-law.

3. Every latrine shall be in conformity with the Municipal standard design or of such other pattern and size as may be approved by the Municipal Council, Gudibanda:

Provided that any existing latrine, which in the opinion of the President, Town Municipal Council, Gudibanda has

sanitary at a reasonable cost, shall not be required to be reconstructed in accordance with the standard design.

4. The floor of every latrine shall be made of cement or of asphalt or of stone slabs painted with asphalt or bastard asphalt and laid on a bed of concrete, three inches thick, and shall be so sloped, drained and constructed as to carry away the fluid with facility into the latrine drain.

5. Every latrine shall be provided with a seat so made as to compel the excreta to fall entirely into a suitable pan or receptacle of sufficient capacity placed beneath it.

6. The pan or receptacle shall be made of iron or of such other material as may be approved by the President, Town Municipal Council, Gudibanda and shall not be broken, perforated, rotten or pervious to fluid.

7. In the case of servants' latrines, the floor shall not be lower than one foot and six inches above the ground level.

8. In servants' latrines attached to dwelling houses a separate receptacle shall be kept for the deposit of the excreta from bath rooms. The receptacle shall be of sufficient capacity and made of such design and material as may be approved by the President, Town Municipal Council, Gudibanda and it shall be provided with a properly fitting covers.

9. All servants' latrines shall be provided with dry earth or ash. The occupiers shall see that dry earth or ash is used for all filth pans and receptacles under the seats.

10. Occupiers shall be responsible that all movable receptacles for latrines are tarred once in every month, kept in good order and renewed when required.

11. The walls of every latrine shall be plastered on the inside with cement or otherwise rendered impervious to fluid to a height of 2 ft. from the floor.

12. Every latrine shall be provided with a separate entrance, if required by the Gudibanda Town Municipal Council for the entry of scavengers for the purpose of conservancy.

13. Every latrine shall be provided with a U shaped cemented drain sufficiently large/well laid and watertight to prevent its contents from overflowing or stagnating or soaking into the ground. Such drains shall terminate with an iron pipe so that the contents of the drain may fall directly into a receptacle or a Municipal drain.

14. All such drains shall be so constructed as to discharge their contents in a proper manner—

(i) into a municipal drain approved by the Gudibanda Town Municipal Council for the purpose,

or

(ii) into a movable receptacle or bucket kept in the cistern constructed at the extremity of the drain as approved by the Gudibanda Town Municipal Council.

Whenever it is not otherwise expressly stated, the person responsible for satisfying the requirements of this bye-law, shall be the owner of the house or premises referred to.

15. If the owner or occupier of any house, building or enclosure contravenes any of the provisions of this bye-law he shall be liable on conviction before a Magistrate to a fine which may amount to Rs. 20.

III Regulation of removal of filth, rubbish, ordure or other offensive matter from the premises the scavenging of which has been undertaken by the Gudibanda Town Municipal Council.

1. The removal of filth, rubbish, ordure, or other offensive matter from a privy or common receptacle for such matter in, or pertaining to a house, building or enclosure is called a house scavenging.

2. Whenever the Gudibanda Town Municipal Council has undertaken the house scavenging of any house, building or enclosure, no filth, rubbish, ordure or other offensive matter shall be removed from the premises occupied by such house, building or enclosure, by any person without the written permission of the President, Town Municipal Council, Gudibanda.

3. Whoever without the permission of the President, Town Municipal Council, Gudibanda, removes or causes to be removed any filth, rubbish, ordure or other offensive matter from any premises, the house scavenging of which has been undertaken by the Town Municipal Council, Gudibanda, shall be punishable with fine not exceeding

Notification dated, 26th April 1956.

No. M. L. C. 50—56-57. It is hereby notified for the information of the public that the Town Municipal Council, Gudibanda, have at their meeting held on 23rd day of March 1956 resolved that the following Model Bye-laws and Rules framed by Government from time to time may be adopted by this Municipality with necessary alterations applicable to this Municipality.

Any inhabitants of the Municipality or any other person objecting to the proposed Bye-laws and Rules may within one month from the date of publication of the notification in the official *Mysore Gazette* send his objection in writing to the Municipal Council stating reasons thereof objections received after the prescribed time will not be considered.

Rules adopted by Gudibanda Town Municipal Council under Section 46 (2) of the Mysore Town Municipalities Act, 1951, for the levy and recovery of octroi under Section 61 (b) (iv) of the said Act based on the Model Rules framed by Government in Notification No. L. 14388—Ml. 152-52-19, dated 24th November 1952.

Octroi Rules.

1. Octroi shall be levied in respect of animals or goods or both specified in the schedule to these rules at the rates noted against each.
2. The octroi shall be paid at the time of import of the animals or the goods to the octroi mutsaddi in charge of the octroi lookad. In case of disagreement as to the amount of octroi duty payable by the importer of goods imported within the octroi limits, the mutsaddi in charge of the lookad shall cause the importer to take the goods before the President or Vice-President or the Executive Officer for the settlement of the duty to be paid.
3. When the goods have been examined at the octroi lookads a pass in duplicate for such of the goods as are liable to octroi duty shall be furnished to the importer by the octroi mutsaddi on receiving such pass, the importer shall forthwith bring the taxable goods to the central octroi office accompanied by a peon; provided that if the duty to which the goods are liable does not exceed five rupees, the octroi mutsaddi may receive such duty and give to the importer a permit showing the nature and quantity of the goods and the duty received; provided also, that in the case of goods imported by railway, the inspector or other officer in-charge of the octroi post at the railway station may, in the same manner, receive duty not exceeding five rupees.
4. When goods accompanied by a pass as aforesaid are brought to the central office, they may be unloaded and weighed or counted by the officer-in-charge of the octroi office upon ascertainment of the amount of octroi payable on the goods, the importer shall either pay the amount due and receive permit for the removal of the goods or shall deposit the same in the octroi office. When the duty is paid as above, a permit shall be granted by the officer-in-charge of the central octroi office for the removal of the goods showing the quantity of weight of the goods, the duty paid in respect thereof and the date of payment. The fact of the receipt shall also be noted on each copy of the duplicate pass, one copy of which shall be filed in the office and one copy returned to the octroi post from which it was received. In case the importer wishes to re-export the goods at once, he shall do so only after obtaining a free export pass subjecting the goods to the escort of an octroi subordinate.
5. With a view, to facilitating the appraisement of the value of goods when the tax is assessed on value, the importer may be called upon to produce the invoice of the goods for the inspection of the officer-in-charge of the central octroi office, whenever the invoice produced by an importer is in a language other than English or Kannada, he shall produce a true copy of such invoice translated into English or Kannada and verified by the importer.

In case the importer does not produce an invoice he shall give a declaration in writing regarding the quantity number, weight, value, etc., of the article, for clearance of octroi duty should the importer fail or refuse produce the invoice or if the invoice or the declaration produced appears to the in-charge officer of the central octroi office to be false or

officer in-charge of the central octroi office, at current rates octroi levied and accordingly.

Explanation.—When the appraisement of the value of goods is made on the basis of the invoice the value shall include all expenses such as packing charges freight charges, cart hire, etc., less trade discount shown in the invoice.

6 With the previous approval of the President in each case any carrying agent through whom goods are imported on behalf of person resident within the Municipality, or any wholesale importer may, on depositing as security such amount not being less than Rs. 250 as may be fixed by the President, be exempted from producing the goods imported by him or through his agency for inspection at the central octroi office, provided that he makes arrangements, satisfactory, to the President for the supply to the Municipal Council of correct and detailed lists of all such goods with the names of the consignees in each case. Every such agent shall be responsible to the extent of his deposit for the payment of octroi on all goods which may have left his premises without octroi having been paid.

Provided that the President may at any time cancel such exemption by giving notice in writing to such agent or importer and return to him the amount of his deposit or such portion thereof as may remain to his credit and may in any case require such agent or importer to produce any such goods for inspection at the central octroi office.

Every deposit holder under this bye-law shall submit on or before 3rd of every month the stock accounts of the previous month for verification of the dutiable articles.

Deposit Room.—Central octroi office (bonded warehouse).

7. The Municipal Council shall provide a bonded warehouse in the central octroi office for the custody of goods which may be deposited under rule 3 of the octroi rules.

8. The bonded warehouse shall be open for the transaction of business from 11 A.M. to 5 P.M. daily except on Sundays and Holidays authorised by the President. Arrangements shall, however, be made, by the officer-in-charge of the octroi office for dealing with perishable articles such as betel leaves on such days.

9. Any important depositing goods in the Bonded Warehouse shall unless the officer-in-charge of the octroi office has previously by weighing, counting, or appraising as ascertained the amount of octroi payable thereon, give a declaration in the form appended (Schedule No. 2) of the description, weight, quantity and if necessary of the value of the goods.

10. A receipt in the form appended (Schedule No. 3) shall be given by the officer-in-charge of the Central Octroi office for all the goods deposited in the Bonded Warehouse and a register of all such goods shall be maintained.

11. The receipt given by the Octroi Department for depositing the goods should be returned before taking delivery of the articles to which it refers; otherwise the officer-in-charge of the central octroi office, may refuse to deliver the articles.

12. If the depositor does not himself take delivery of the articles deposited in the octroi office, he must endorse on the receipt a request for delivery to the person to whom he wishes it to be made and if the receipt is not produced, the delivery of the goods may at the discretion of the officer-in-charge of the octroi office be withheld until the person entitled in his opinion to receive the same has given an indemnity to the satisfaction of the officer-in-charge of the octroi office.

13. Any person who had deposited goods in the Bonded Warehouse may break bulk or change the packing thereof on application to the officer-in-charge of the warehouse or may, on paying full duty thereon import such goods into the municipal limits covered by a permit or may export such goods immediately after the receipt into the octroi office free covered by an export pass subject to the escort of an octroi subordinate; provided that new packages covered by such pass shall if possible, before they are taken from the Warehouse be stamped by the officer in charge, so as to show that they are under deposit.

The export pass shall be in triplicate, the original being retained by the officer-in-charge of the warehouse, and the duplicate and triplicate delivered to the exporter.

14. No goods shall be allowed to leave the warehouse until storage fee has been paid thereon under the

(a) Goods shall be allowed to remain 24 hours free of charge counted from sunrise to sunrise.

(b) After that period single rates as in the following table shall be charged for 7 days or portions thereof:—

Sl. No.	Kind of goods	Rate Rs. a. p.
1.	Piece-goods bundles.—(i) per bale of 400 lbs. or over (ii) per bale of less than 400 lbs.	0 2 0 per day 0 1 0 Do
2.	Tobacco bundles	0 1 0 per maund or portion thereof per day
3.	Kerosene oil and other oils and petrol	0 0 3 per tin per day
4.	Sugar and Jaggery	0 0 6 per bag of nine maunds or portion thereof per day
5.	Groundnuts one kandy of 160 seers or two bags or portion thereof	0 1 0 per day
6.	Timber and other kind of woods	0 1 0 per 100 C.ft. per day
7.	Iron and steel or other articles manufactured out of them including machinery	0 0 6 per Cwt. or fraction thereof per day
8.	Tiles (Mangalore pattern) including flooring tiles.	0 0 6 per 100 or fraction thereof per day
9.	Bundles, Boxes, Tins and Bags of other dutiable articles.	0 0 6 Each per day

Note.—Maund means 24 lbs. for purposes of this bye-law.

(c) Double these rates shall be charged after 7 days, provided that the President may in his discretion allow a reduction in or exemption from such double rates.

(d) The date of admission and removal of goods shall reckon as one day, and Sundays and the closed Holidays shall not be taken into account in reckoning the date from which fees under each class shall be payable, when delay is caused by the inability of the officer-in-charge of the deposit room to examine and pass the goods, such delay shall not be reckoned.

15. The President may permit any wholesale dealer to occupy a room in the bonded warehouse for the storing of dutiable articles intended for sale to retail dealers in the Municipality and may make such rules regarding the occupation of such rooms as may from time to time be found necessary.

16. When goods stored by the wholesalers dealer in the bonded warehouse under the above rules are issued on payment of duty such allowance may be made on the original weight on account of reduction of weight owing to driage or wastage as may from time to time be fixed by the President.

17. All perishable commodities remaining uncleared or unclaimed after 48 hours shall be sold by public auction to the highest bidder at the warehouse. All other goods remaining uncleared or unclaimed for a longer period than three months shall be sold in like manner provided that, before selling such goods notice of that fact shall be posted for seven days at the Bonded Warehouse and at the Municipal Office and provided that goods shall be sold earlier when the storage fees are likely to exceed their value.

18. When any goods are sold under rule 17 of the Octroi Rules, the sale proceeds shall be credited to the Municipal funds, on payment of duty and storage fees due in respect thereof: provided that if the amount realised by the sale exceeds the amount so due, the balance shall be kept in deposit for one year and any claims for such balance received during that time shall be duly considered by the President. At the expiry of one year, or after all claims received during that period have been duly disposed off, the balance shall be credited to the Municipal funds. No claims shall be admitted after the said period of one year, except by special permission of the Council.

19. The Municipal Council shall not be responsible for

deposit room while such goods are being passed into or out of the deposit room or while they remain therein unless such damage is proved to have been caused by the wilful neglect of the deposit room keeper or other person charged with the safe custody of the goods.

20. Any person may, with the sanction of the President be permitted to use any place as of Bonded Warehouse on payment of the cost of such establishment and subject to such conditions as may, in each case, be fixed by the President.

21. Exemptions:—In the following cases no octroi shall be levied.—

(1) Goods being *bona fide* property of Government at the time of import and accompanied by an invoice certified by the departmental heads concerned, that the property contained therein belongs to Government, provided they are not to be sold to the public.

(2) Kambalies and hand-woven khadi imported into the town limits.

(3) Beedies manufactured in the limits of Gudibanda Town.

(4) Hand-loom cloth which have the Mysore Government seal and a certificate from the Officer of the Mysore Textile Department certifying that the goods are hand-woven in Mysore State.

(5) Goods, the proprietary of which is vested in the Municipal Council, with a certificate from the President, that they are the property of the Council.

(6) Articles brought into the town for private use in small quantities, viz.,:—

- (1) 100 betel leaves
- (2) One viss of sugar
- (3) One viss of jaggery
- (4) One seer of tobacco
- (5) One bar soap
- (6) Cocoanuts fresh six
- (7) Cocoanuts dry 2 seers
- (8) Kerosene and other oil 1 Bottle
- (9) Cloth five yards
- (10) Groundnuts and Groundnut seeds two bags for *bona fide* agriculturists.
- (11) Match boxes-one dozen boxes

22. A receipt in the prescribed form shall be given for payments made.

SCHEDULE No. I.

Sl. No.	Name of Articles	Rate Rs. a. p.	Remarks
1	Betel leaves	0 0 1	per hundred leaves.
2	Tobacco raw and products dust and sticks.	0 8 0	per maund.
3	Piece-goods	1 9 0	per cent <i>ad valorem</i> .
4	Jaggery	0 2 0	per maund.
5	Sugar	0 4 0	per maund.
6	Cigarettes	0 4 0	per thousand.
7	Kerosene Oil	0 2 0	per tin of 4 gallons.
8	Sheep or Goat	0 1 6	per head.
9	Beedies and Beedi Tupra	0 2 0	per thousand leaves.
10	Iron and steel or articles made therefrom including machinery parts.	1 0 0	per cent <i>ad valorem</i> .
11	Match boxes	0 1 0	per gross or fraction thereof.
12	Soaps of all kinds including soap flakes, shaving sticks, shaving cream, liquid soap and the like.	2 0 0	per cent <i>ad valorem</i> .
13	Cement	0 0 6	per maund.
14	Tiles (Mangalore or similar pattern) including flooring	1 9 0	per cent <i>ad valorem</i> .

Sl. No.	Name of Article	Rate	Remarks.	Sl. No.	Name of Article	Rate	Remarks.
		Rs. a. p.				Rs. a. p.	
16	Rosewood (Blackwood) Teak and Honne, etc., logs of all other kinds of timber in logs.	0 1 0	per C. ft.	34	All the Electrical goods and parts thereof.	1 9 0	
17	Cocoanut Oil, Linseed Oil, Honge Oil Castor Oil and Vegetable Oil.	0 2 0	per tin or part thereof.	35	Alloys in any shape or articles, manufactured out of metals machinery or part thereof.	1 9 0	
18	Rubber goods	2 0 0	per cent	36	Ghee and Vanaspathi, Dalda etc.	0 8 0	
19	Cotten seeds	0 1 0	per bag of 100 seers or fraction thereof.	37	Colour and metal polish	1 9 0	
20	Diesel oil and other mineral oils.	0 2 0	per tin or part thereof.	38	Oats, Bran and chaff	1 0 0	
21	Petrol	0 2 0	per gallon.	39	Porcelain articles and china cups, etc.	1 9 0	
22	Cocoanuts fresh	0 8 4	per hundred	40	(a) Battery and Cells including electric torches,		
23	Cocoanuts dry	0 6 0	per maund.		(b) Glaxo, Horlicks malted milk or powdered food. cocoa, ovaltine, bournvita and all foods of the like nature.		
24	Areca nut	0 2 0	per beg or fraction thereof.		(c) Toilet snows, creams hair oils, vaselines, brilliantine and all kinds of pomade and the like.	1 9 0	
25	Gunny Bag	0 0 1	per bag.		(d) Condensed milk for all kinds of liquid or powder therefrom and shall include cheese or cream and tinned butter.		
26	Hosiery and Textile fabrics	1 9 0	per cent		(e) Biscuits of all varieties and kinds.		
27	Cuddapah slabs	1 9 0	do		(f) Tooth paste and powder (All the sub-items intended for sale only).		
28	Wheat and wheat flour maida flour and other wheat products.	0 4 0	per bag of 196 lbs. or fraction thereof.	41	Potatoes and onions	0 12 0	
29	Groundnuts and Groundnut seeds.	0 1 0	per beg of 100 seers or fraction thereof.				
30	Oil Seeds	0 4 0	per candy of 160 seers.	42	Cycles and accessories	1 9 0	
31	Burnt lime	0 4 0	per cart load	43	Photo frames and pictures	1 9 0	
32	Confectionery including all kinds of manufactured sweets peppermint and chocolate.	1 9 0	per cent	44	Brushes of all kinds	1 9 0	
33	Glassware (glass sheets, Plates, Cups, tumblers, Jars, Mirrors, Glass chimneys, bulbs, bottles, articles partly made of glass, bangles and other glass articles.	1 9 0	do	45	Manufactured wooden materials (intended for sale)	2 0 0	

SCHEDULE No. II.

RULE No. 9

The Officer-in-charge of the Octroi Office, Town Municipality of Gudibanda.
Please receive the undermentioned goods and deposit them in Koli.

Name of Depositor	Description of articles deposited	No. of packages	Distinguishing marks, if any.	Weight	Measurement	Quantity	Value
				Mds. Srs.	Cft. C.in.		Rs. a. p.

I do hereby certify that I have satisfied myself that the entries as made by me above are correct and fully aware of provisions of rules Nos. 10 to 14, 16, 17 and 18 relating to the deposit.

Witness:—

Signature

Date

Signature of Depositor.

Address

Date

SCHEDULE No. III.

Octroi Office or Bonded Warehouse, Gundibanda Town Municipality.
Received for deposit, the undermentioned goods from

Receipt No	Consignment Number and Date	Goods Deposit Note Number	Name and description of articles	Number of articles.